



Multiplicação de números naturais



Uma adição de parcelas iguais pode ser representada por uma multiplicação.



Multiplicação

Símbolo: \times

Lê-se: vezes



$$\begin{array}{r} 4 \leftarrow \text{multiplicando} \\ \times 2 \leftarrow \text{multiplicador} \\ \hline 8 \leftarrow \text{produto} \end{array}$$

1. Complete as adições e as multiplicações.

a) $3 + 3 + 3 = \square$

ou $3 \times 3 = \square$

b) $6 + 6 + 6 = \square$

ou $3 \times \square = \square$

c) $5 + 5 + 5 + 5 = \square$

ou $4 \times \square = \square$





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$$d) 7 + 7 + 7 + 7 = \square$$
$$\text{ou } \square \times 7 = \square$$

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$$e) 8 + 8 + 8 = \square$$
$$\text{ou } \square \times 8 = \square$$

$$f) 4 + 4 + 4 + 4 + 4 = \square$$
$$\text{ou } 5 \times \square = \square$$

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$$g) 5 + 5 + 5 + 5 + 5 + 5 = \square$$
$$\text{ou } 6 \times \square = \square$$

$$h) 3 + 3 + 3 + 3 + 3 + 3 = \square$$
$$\text{ou } \square \times 3 = \square$$

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$$i) 7 + 7 + 7 + 7 + 7 = \square$$
$$\text{ou } 5 \times \square = \square$$

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$$j) 6 + 6 + 6 + 6 + 6 + 6 = \square$$
$$\text{ou } 6 \times \square = \square$$



$$k) 9 + 9 + 9 + 9 = \square$$

$$\text{ou } 4 \times \square = \square$$

$$l) 2 + 2 + 2 + 2 + 2 + 2 + 2 + 2 = \square$$

$$\text{ou } 8 \times \square = \square$$

$$m) 3 + 3 + 3 + 3 + 3 + 3 + 3 + 3 = \square$$

$$\text{ou } \square \times 3 = \square$$

2. Efetue as multiplicações:

$$\begin{array}{r} 4 \\ \times 3 \\ \hline \square \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2 \\ \times 2 \\ \hline \square \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 3 \\ \times 3 \\ \hline \square \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 5 \\ \times 3 \\ \hline \square \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 6 \\ \times 2 \\ \hline \square \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 5 \\ \times 2 \\ \hline \square \end{array}$$



3. Escreva de 2 em 2 até 20.

2 → 4 → → →

12 → → → → 20

4. Complete.

$2 \times 0 =$

$0 \times 2 =$

$2 \times 1 =$

$1 \times 2 =$

$2 \times 2 =$

$2 \times 2 =$

$2 \times 3 =$

$3 \times 2 =$

$2 \times 4 =$

$4 \times 2 =$

$2 \times 5 =$

$5 \times 2 =$

$2 \times 6 =$

$6 \times 2 =$

$2 \times 7 =$

$7 \times 2 =$

$2 \times 8 =$

$8 \times 2 =$

$2 \times 9 =$

$9 \times 2 =$

$2 \times 10 =$

$10 \times 2 =$



5. Complete as sentenças.



$$18 = 2 \times 9$$

$14 =$

 \times

$16 =$

 \times

$10 =$

 \times

$20 =$

 \times

$6 =$

 \times

$4 =$

 \times

$12 =$

 \times

$0 =$

 \times

$8 =$

 \times

$2 =$

 \times

6. Resolva.

$$\begin{array}{r} 4 \\ \times 2 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 1 \\ \times 2 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 3 \\ \times 2 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

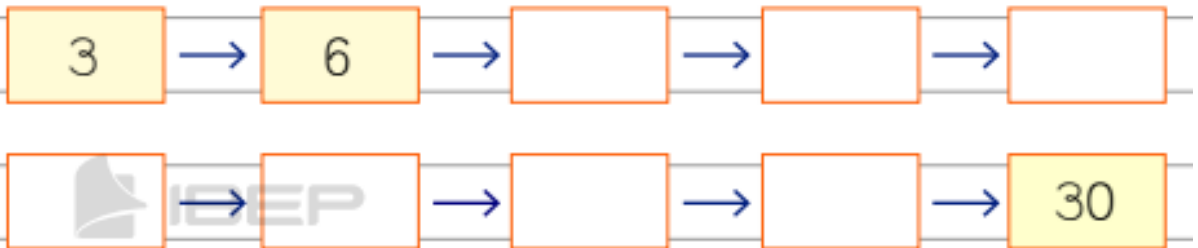
$$\begin{array}{r} 6 \\ \times 2 \\ \hline \end{array}$$



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$$\begin{array}{r} 8 \\ \times 2 \\ \hline \end{array}$$
$$\begin{array}{r} 2 \\ \times 2 \\ \hline \end{array}$$
$$\begin{array}{r} 0 \\ \times 2 \\ \hline \end{array}$$
$$\begin{array}{r} 5 \\ \times 2 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

7. Escreva de 3 em 3 até 30.





8. Complete.

$3 \times 0 = 0$	$0 \times 3 = 0$
$3 \times 1 = \square$	$1 \times 3 = \square$
$3 \times 2 = \square$	$2 \times 3 = \square$
$3 \times 3 = \square$	$3 \times 3 = \square$
$3 \times 4 = \square$	$4 \times 3 = \square$
$3 \times 5 = \square$	$5 \times 3 = \square$
$3 \times 6 = \square$	$6 \times 3 = \square$
$3 \times 7 = \square$	$7 \times 3 = \square$
$3 \times 8 = \square$	$8 \times 3 = \square$
$3 \times 9 = \square$	$9 \times 3 = \square$
$3 \times 10 = \square$	$10 \times 3 = \square$

The page contains a multiplication table for the number 3. It is organized into two columns. The left column contains the equations $3 \times n = \square$ for n from 0 to 10. The right column contains the equations $n \times 3 = \square$ for n from 0 to 10. Blue curved arrows on the left of each row point downwards, labeled '+3', indicating the sequence of the first column. Similarly, blue curved arrows on the right of each row point downwards, labeled '+3', indicating the sequence of the second column. The squares represent the missing products to be completed. There are faint 'IBEP' watermarks in the background.



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9. Complete as sentenças.

$27 = 3 \times \square$	$18 = \square \times \square$
$30 = \square \times \square$	$15 = \square \times \square$
$3 = \square \times \square$	$21 = \square \times \square$
$9 = \square \times \square$	$12 = \square \times \square$
$6 = \square \times \square$	$0 = 3 \times \square$

10. Ligue ao produto.

3×3	27
3×8	30
3×5	3
3×9	24
3×1	9
3×10	15

11. Escreva de 4 em 4 até 40.

4	→	\square	→	\square	→	\square	→	20
24	→	\square	→	\square	→	\square	→	40